## New record of Austral Rail Rallus antarcticus in Argentina

Austral Rail Rallus antarcticus is one of the least-known New World rallids, being known from just c.20 localities, principally in Argentine and Chilean Patagonia<sup>3,4,6</sup>. Seven specimens are available from Argentina, but just three of these were collected post-1901<sup>4,5</sup>. Between 1959 and the species' rediscovery in 1998 there were no definite records, and its vocalisation was recorded first in 19984. R. antarcticus was categorised by Collar et al.3 as Endangered / Extinct but, following its rediscovery, the species was downlisted to Vulnerable<sup>1</sup>. Recently, Pugnali et al.6 published four new localities, one in the Falklands (a vagrant), two in Chubut and one in Santa Cruz.

A specimen, now held at the Museo de La Plata, La Plata (MLP 13994), was salvaged in February 2004 on a road just a few metres from the Atlantic Ocean, near San Antonio Oeste, prov. Río Negro, Argentina (40°43'S 64°57'W). This is the second record for the province, and the first since 1959. The record is also the northeasternmost in Patagonia.

The bird is a female in adult plumage but not in breeding condition. Its plumage matches the literature<sup>2</sup>. Mensural and other data are as follows: total length 200 mm, wing-chord 90 mm, tarsus 28.6 mm, culmen 34.6 mm, weight 51 g; irides red, bill dark duncoloured with a red mandible, legs reddish; ovary inactive (10.3 mm).

To date, R. antarcticus has been found at 13 Argentine localities. ten in Patagonia, and mainly in October-March, with three old citations for Buenos Aires in autumn/winter. That it has been found in Patagonia mainly in the breeding season and in Buenos Aires in the non-breeding season has led some authors to postulate that the species performs more or less regular migrations<sup>4,5</sup>. The specimen reported here might also have been a migrant, though further research is needed to shed light on this issue.

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