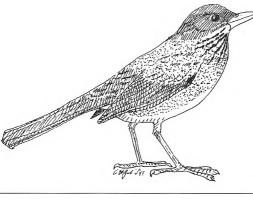
Rufous-backed Thrush Turdus rufopalliatus in Guanajuato, Mexico

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Se detalla el primer registro del Zorzal Dorsirrufo *Turdus rufopalliatus* para Guanajuato, México. Este nuevo registro representa una extensión en su área de distribución de aproximadamente 140 km hacia el norte.



Rufous-backed Thrush Turdus rufopalliatus (Charles Gambill)

During 12–15 November 1998, I was in the region of San Miguel de Allende (SMA), Guanajuato, Mexico (c.20°55'N 100°50'W, at c.2,000 m). On the morning of 13 November 1998, at c.08h30, I entered a suburban neighbourhood, exiting the north-east corner of Parque Juarez, calle Sollano, in SMA. Hearing an unfamiliar bird call, I immediately began recording it, noticing there were at least 2–4 of the vocalising birds in a large oak *Quercus* sp. (c.1 m dbh). I did not specifically note the number of individuals present as I quickly brought my binoculars to my eyes to identify the species before it flew off.

The closest individual was <10 m from me, on the lowest branch and pausing every few seconds to sing. It had a strongly peppered black-and-white throat, white vent extending onto the belly toward the base of the carina (approximately), and predominantly rufous breast and back. Instantly recognising it as a thrush *Turdus* sp. based on its morphology, I turned to plate 35 in Peterson & Chalif² and identified it as Rufous-backed Thrush *Turdus rufopalliatus*.

Later that morning, I referenced Howell & Webb¹, reconfirming the identification and noting that the species had not previously been recorded in Guanajuato; the closest region on the range map being c.140 km to the south, in Michoacan (c.19°35'N 100°50'W). T. rufopalliatus is known from southern Sonora to the Oaxacan Isthmus of Tehuantepec, in the interior along the Balsas drainage^{1,2}. Populations in Mexico City and Oaxaca City are recent 'colonists' and appear to derive from escaped cagebirds¹; the same may be true for this, most recent, observation (S. N. G. Howell in litt. 1999). This present observation represents the first documented record of T. rufopalliatus in Guanajuato. My co-observers-J. Van Liere, S. & J. Lease-confirmed the identification and my taperecording is archived in Texas A&M University Laboratory of Bioacoustics, TAMU-Corpus Christi.

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References

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- 2. Peterson, R. T. & Chalif, E. L. (1973) A field guide to Mexican birds. Boston: Houghton Mifflin.

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