# Cotinga 32

## The nest and egg of Cinnamon Screech Owl Megascops petersoni in central Colombia

Cinnamon Screech Owl *Megascops* petersoni is a poorly known resident of subtropical Andean forests between 1,700 and 2,500 m<sup>3</sup>. Described from northern Peru and southern Ecuador<sup>2</sup>, the species has since been found in north-central Colombia<sup>1</sup>. There is no published information on its natural history, thus we provide the first description of the species' nest and egg.

The nest was discovered when an adult flushed from the nest cavity on 12 January 2009, at the Reserva Natural de Aves (RNA) Arrierito Antioqueño (06°58.709'N 75°06.937'W) at 1.826 m. The reserve is sited in the northern foothills of the Central Andes of Colombia, in north-east Antioquia<sup>2</sup>. The nest was in a natural cavity of a live tree immediately adjacent to a trail, amidst dense, epiphyteladen forest. The tree was 18 m tall with a dbh of 22 cm. The cavity was 0.7 m above the ground, the entrance c.21 cm wide and 29 cm tall, and the interior of the nest cavity 26 cm wide by 20 cm front to back and 34 cm tall. The cup was a shallow, saucer-shaped depression at the cavity's base. formed of soft spongy wood. The nest depression measured 15.8 cm wide by 13.4 cm front to back, and was 1.4 cm deep.

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We first observed the single large white egg on 21 January 2009. It was stained dull reddish, presumably from the soft decaying wood, measured  $35.1 \text{ mm} \times 29.2$ mm, and was rather rounded as is typical of owl eggs<sup>3</sup>. The adult was regularly observed incubating until 22 February. On 24 February 2009 the nest contained only remnants of the egg and a small pile of adult feathers; the adult was not seen again. The cause of nest failure was unknown, although the broken egg and adult feathers indicate predation.

The nest's failure prevented us from further describing the



Figure 1. Nest cavity and egg of Cinnamon Screech Owl Megascops petersoni; the white arrow indicates the nest cavity (Murray Cooper)

breeding biology of Cinnamon Screech Owl. Nonetheless, our observations reveal that the species' clutch is one egg and that incubation occupies a minimum 32 days, which is substantially longer than previously documented for Megascops; both Eastern Screech Owl M. asio and Western Screech Owl M. kennicottii incubate for c.26 days in North America<sup>3</sup>. Most tropical Megascops have average clutch sizes of 2-3, although one-egg clutches have been documented in Tropical Screech Owl M. choliba<sup>3</sup>.

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#### Benjamin G. Freeman

8412 36 Avenue NE, Seattle, Washington, USA. E-mail: benjamin.g.freeman@gmail.com.

### **Carlos Julio**

Reserva Natural de Aves Arrierito Antioqueno, Municipio de Anori, Colombia.

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